

Aberration retrieval from a single out-of-focus intensity measurement

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The problem:

Optical systems assessment can be done by means of phase retrieval algorithms taking multiple out-of-focus images

Our mission:

To use only one out-of-focus measurement for fast data analysis

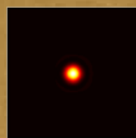
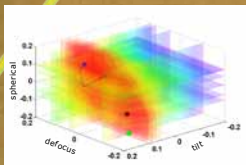
The question:

Is there any preferable out-of-focus plane where we can efficiently retrieve the aberration in the pupil?

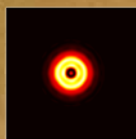
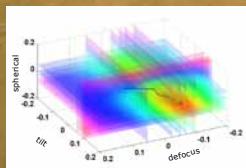
Our strategy:

Looking at the optimization landscape

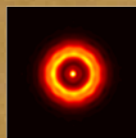
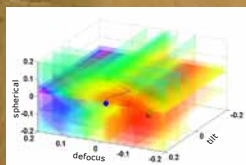
out of focus distance: 0 μm



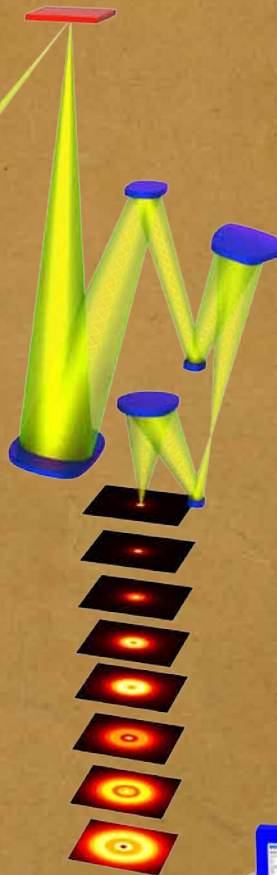
out of focus distance: 160 μm



out of focus distance: 240 μm



experimental setup



The tool:

The phase retrieval algorithm

field distribution in the pupil:

$$u(\xi, \eta) = |u(\xi, \eta)| \exp[i\phi] = |u(\xi, \eta)| \exp[ik \sum \alpha_n z_n]$$

field distribution at a distance L out of focus

$$U(x, y, L) = F^{-1} \{ F[u(x, y, f)] \exp[ik \sqrt{k^2 - k_x^2 - k_y^2} L] \}$$

Merit function:

$$E(\alpha_n) = \min \left[\sum |I_{measured} - I_{simulated}|^2 \right]$$

Any questions?

